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### Methodology



**Content:** The study "Health-Study 2023" shows the results on attitudes and behaviors regarding health-specific aspects in the UK population.



Target group: UK population aged 18 and over



**Sample:** N = 1,000



Methodology: Online questionnaire



Fieldwork: May 2023

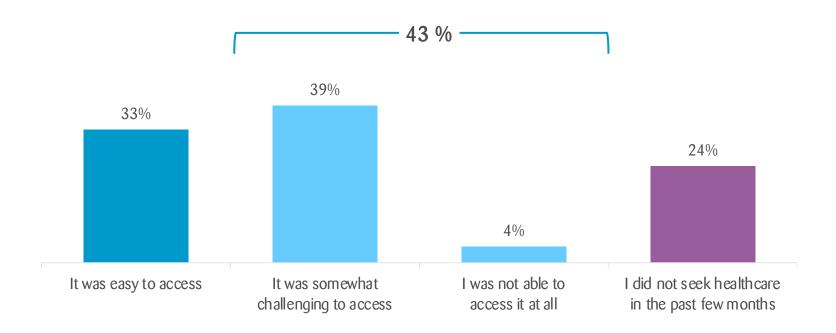
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Access to healthcare services

#### Access to healthcare services



Q1: Have you encountered any challenges or difficulties in accessing healthcare services (e.g., appointments, medical advice, emergency care) in the last six months?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

More than 40 per cent of the population have experienced difficulties accessing healthcare services in the past six months.

#### Access to healthcare services

#### Access to healthcare services

Yearly household income*	Under £20,000	£20,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £49,999	£50,000 - £69,999	Above £70,000
Base:	243	212	285	118	96
It was easy to access	31%	34%	32%	33%	46%
It was somewhat challenging to access	33%	37%	44%	46%	38%
I was not able to access it at all	4%	4%	3%	0%	1%
I did not seek healthcare in the past few months	32%	25%	21%	21%	15%

Respondents with high income had easier access to healthcare services.

Q1: Have you encountered any challenges or difficulties in accessing healthcare services (e.g., appointments, medical advice, emergency care) in the last six months?

Base: All respondents n=1,000, \*not shown: no response

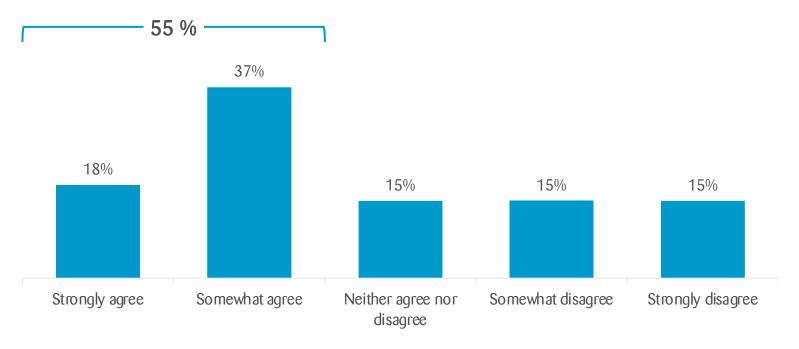
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Health app usage

I have used an app and/or the Internet instead of going to a medical professional for self-diagnosis and/or treatment in the past six months.



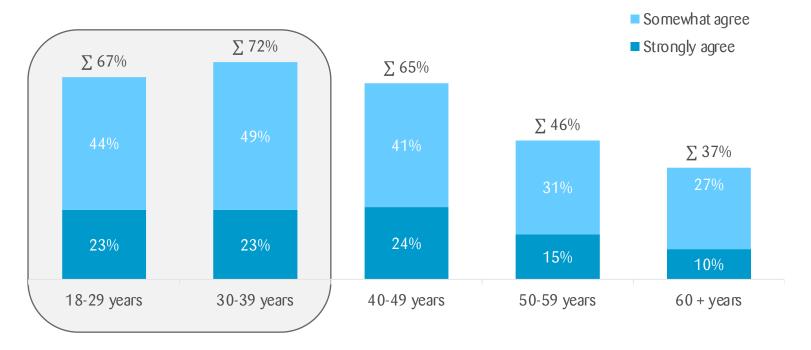
Q2: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I have used an app and/or the Internet instead of going to a medical professional for self-diagnosis and/or treatment in the past six months.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

More than 50 per cent has used an app or the Internet for selfdiagnosis or treatment in the past six months.

Health app usage

I have used an app and/or the Internet instead of going to a medical professional for self-diagnosis and/or treatment in the past six months.



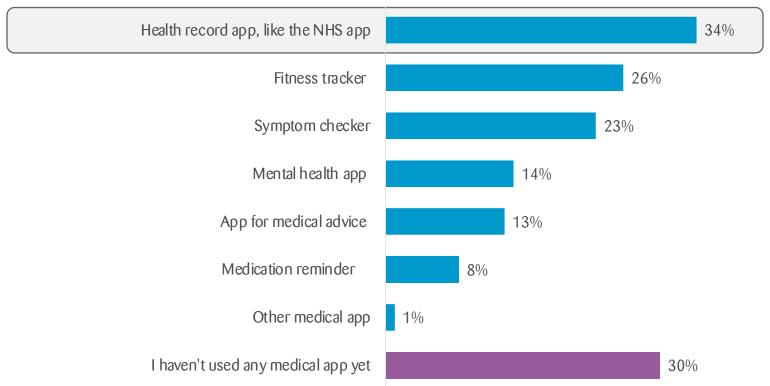
Q2: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I have used an app and/or the Internet instead of going to a medical professional for self-diagnosis and/or treatment in the past six months.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Especially younger people have used an app or the Internet for self-diagnosis or treatment instead of seeing a doctor.

Health app usage

#### Use of medical apps



Q3: Which of the following medical apps have you used, and how beneficial do you find them? Please select all that apply and rate their benefits on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being 'not at all beneficial' and 5 being 'extremely beneficial.'

Base: All respondents n=1,000

A health record app like the NHS app is the most frequently used medical application.

Health app usage

#### Use of medical apps

Age	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
Health record app, like the NHS app	42%	37%	36%	30%	28%
Fitness tracker	36%	34%	32%	21%	15%
Symptom checker	28%	29%	26%	19%	18%
Mental health app	25%	27%	12%	6%	5%
App for medical advice	15%	20%	14%	7%	9%
Medication reminder	18%	17%	4%	5%	5%
Other medical app	2%	1%	1%	2%	2%
I haven't used any medical app yet	14%	17%	26%	36%	46%

Q3: Which of the following medical apps have you used, and how beneficial do you find them? Please select all that apply and rate their benefits on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being 'not at all beneficial' and 5 being 'extremely beneficial.'

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Medical apps are most frequently used by younger people.

Health app usage

#### Use of medical apps

Yearly household income*	Under £20,000	£20,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £49,999	£50,000 - £69,999	Above £70,000
Base:	243	212	285	118	96
Health record app, like the NHS app	25%	34%	38%	42%	41%
Fitness tracker	17%	23%	28%	35%	40%
Symptom checker	17%	25%	24%	25%	28%
Mental health app	13%	9%	16%	16%	20%
App for medical advice	7%	13%	15%	14%	21%
Medication reminder	7%	10%	8%	10%	16%
Other medical app	1%	1%	1%	2%	3%
I haven't used any medical app yet	42%	30%	24%	19%	22%

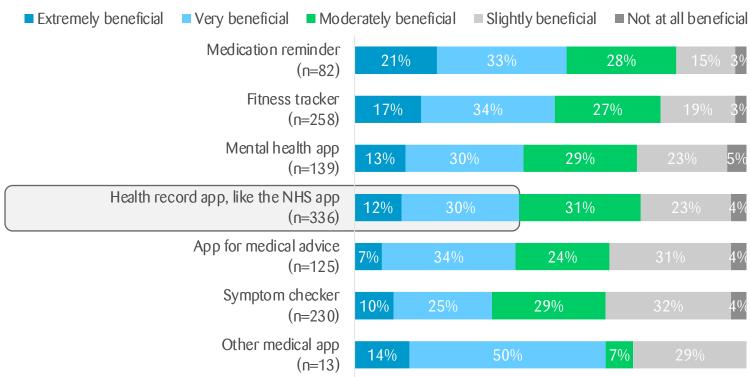
Q3: Which of the following medical apps have you used, and how beneficial do you find them? Please select all that apply and rate their benefits on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being 'not at all beneficial' and 5 being 'extremely beneficial.'

Base: All respondents n=1,000, \*not shown: no response

Usage of medical apps increases with higher income.

Health app usage

#### Use of medical apps



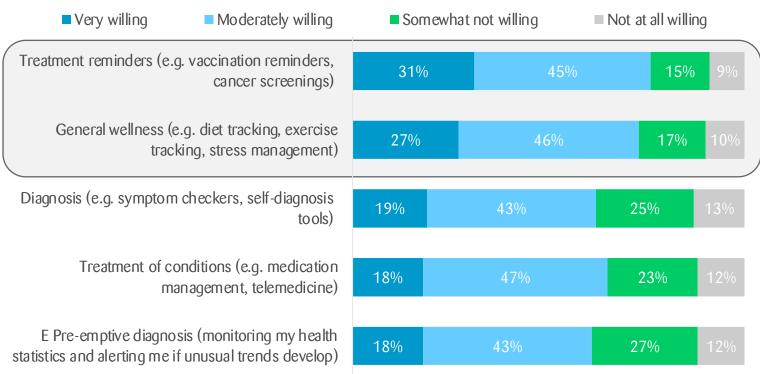
Q3: Which of the following medical apps have you used, and how beneficial do you find them? Please select all that apply and rate their benefits on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being 'not at all beneficial' and 5 being 'extremely beneficial.'

Base: Respondents using the respective apps

Less than 50 per cent see a high value in a health record app like the NHS app.

Health app usage

#### Use of medical apps



Base: All respondents n=1,000

Q4: How willing are you to use devices and apps for the following healthcare purposes? Please rate your willingness on a scale of 1 to 4, with 1 being 'not at all willing' and 4 being 'very willing.'

Willingness to use medical apps is highest for treatment reminders and general wellness.

Health app usage

#### Use of medical apps

Age: Very willing	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
Treatment reminders (e.g. vaccination reminders, cancer screenings)	30%	31%	33%	36%	32%
General wellness (e.g. diet tracking, exercise tracking, stress management)	25%	32%	29%	27%	22%
Diagnosis (e.g. symptom checkers, self-diagnosis tools)	22%	24%	21%	18%	15%
Treatment of conditions (e.g. medication management, telemedicine)	22%	20%	18%	18%	14%
E Pre-emptive diagnosis (monitoring my health statistics and alerting me if unusual trends develop)	22%	21%	18%	17%	16%

Q4: How willing are you to use devices and apps for the following healthcare purposes? Please rate your willingness on a scale of 1 to 4, with 1 being 'not at all willing' and 4 being 'very willing.' Base: All respondents n=1,000

Apps for general wellness (e.g. diet tracking, exercice tracking, stress management) are considered useful especially by age group 30 to 40.

Health app usage

#### Use of medical apps

Yearly household income*: Very willing	Under £20,000	£20,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £49,999	£50,000 - £69,999	Above £70,000
Base:	243	212	285	118	96
Treatment reminders (e.g. vaccination reminders, cancer screenings)	29%	36%	32%	37%	37%
General wellness (e.g. diet tracking, exercise tracking, stress management)	21%	24%	29%	30%	36%
Diagnosis (e.g. symptom checkers, self-diagnosis tools)	13%	17%	23%	24%	22%
Treatment of conditions (e.g. medication management, telemedicine)	18%	19%	19%	20%	15%
E Pre-emptive diagnosis (monitoring my health statistics and alerting me if unusual trends develop)	13%	20%	21%	21%	22%

Q4: How willing are you to use devices and apps for the following healthcare purposes? Please rate your willingness on a scale of 1 to 4, with 1 being 'not at all willing' and 4 being 'very willing.'

Base: All respondents n=1,000, \*not shown: no response

Especially respondents with a high income consider using an app for general wellness.

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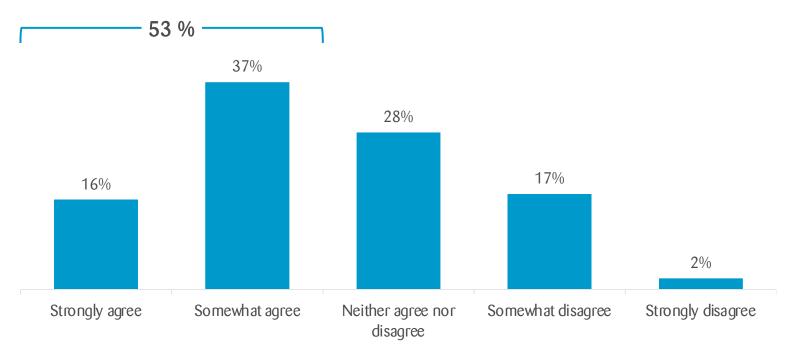
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Trusting health apps

I don't believe apps and/or devices can accurately measure my health.



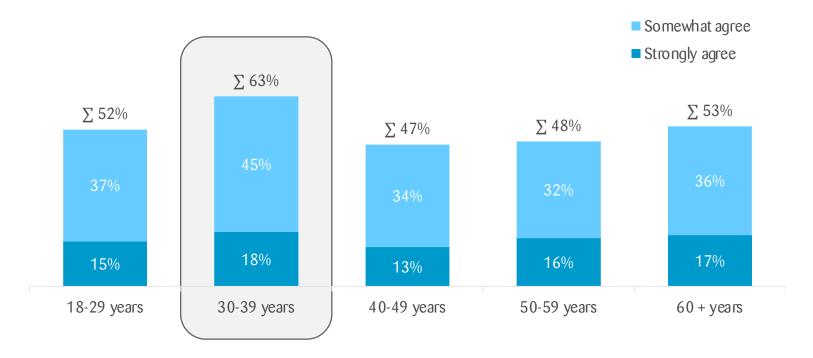
Q5: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I don't believe apps and/or devices can accurately measure my health.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Roughly half of the population does not believe that apps/devices can accuratley monitor their health.

### Trusting health apps

I don't believe apps and/or devices can accurately measure my health.



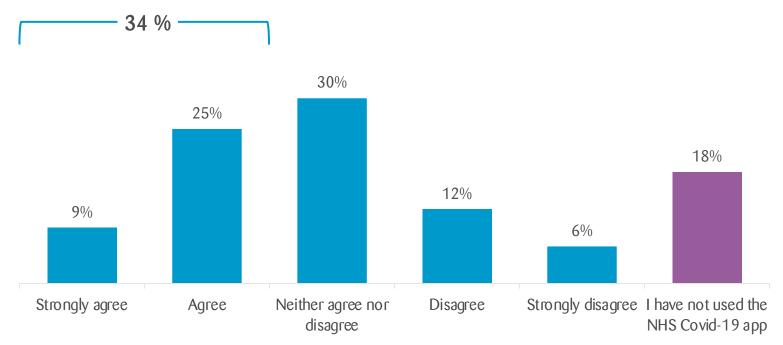
Q5: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I don't believe apps and/or devices can accurately measure my health.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

30- to 39-year-old respondents are more skeptical as to the abilities of measuring apps/devices.

Trusting health apps

Using the NHS Covid-19 app has positively changed my attitude towards using apps on my mobile phone to help manage my health.



Q6: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: Using the NHS Covid-19 app has positively changed my attitude towards using apps ON MY MOBILE PHONE to help manage my health.

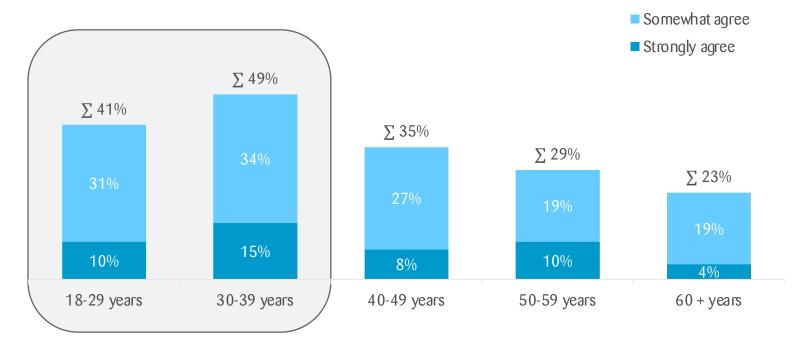
Base: All respondents n=1,000

One third of the respondents have a more positive attitude towards apps after using the NHS Covid-19 app on their mobile phones.

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Trusting health apps

Using the NHS Covid-19 app has positively changed my attitude towards using apps on my mobile phone to help manage my health.



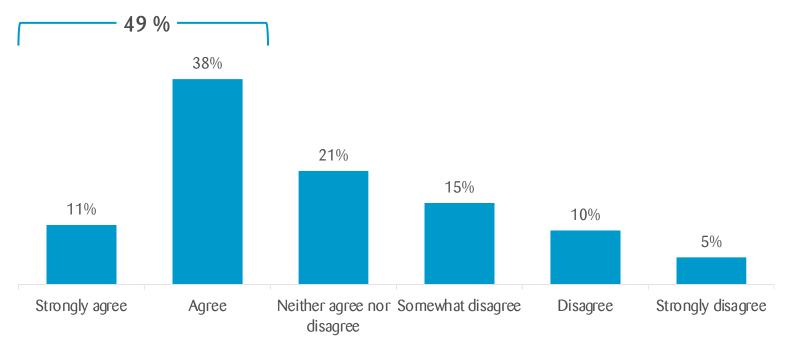
Q6: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: Using the NHS Covid-19 app has positively changed my attitude towards using apps ON MY MOBILE PHONE to help manage my health.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Especially younger people have changed their attitude after using the Covid-19 app.

Trusting health apps

I would feel comfortable if my medical healthcare provider prescribed me an app to help manage my health.



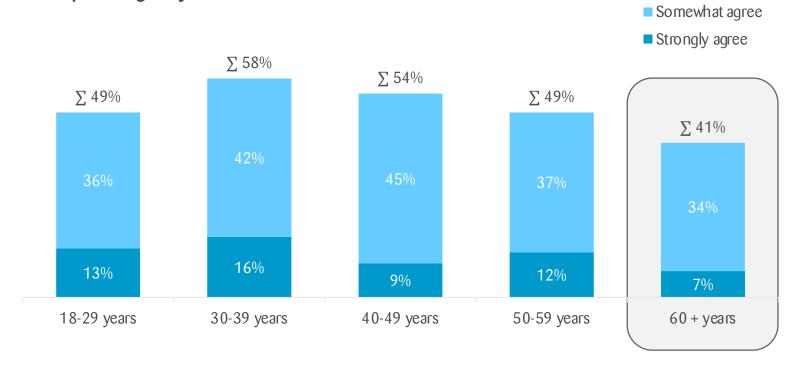
Q7: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I would feel comfortable if my medical healthcare provider prescribed me an app to help manage my health.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Roughly one half of the respondents would feel comfortable about using a prescribed app for health management.

Trusting health apps

I would feel comfortable if my medical healthcare provider prescribed me an app to help manage my health.



Q7: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I would feel comfortable if my medical healthcare provider prescribed me an app to help manage my health.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

People between 30-49 are most comfortable about using a health management app.

Trusting health apps

I would feel comfortable if my medical healthcare provider prescribed me an app to help manage my health.



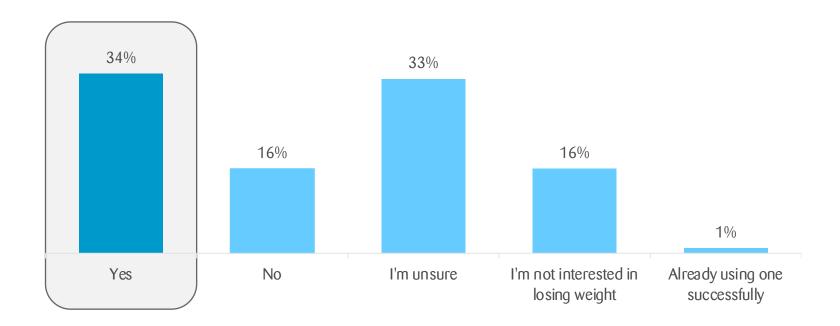
Q7: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I would feel comfortable if my medical healthcare provider prescribed me an app to help manage my health.

Base: All respondents n=1,000; not shown: no response

Respondents with a higher income feel more comfortable about using a health management app.

Trusting health apps

#### Does an app help you lose weight

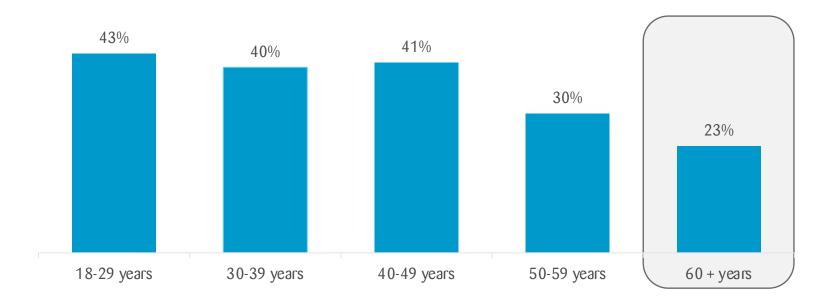


Q8: Do you believe a weight loss app prescribed to you by a doctor or dietician could help you lose weight (if you needed to)? Base: All respondents n=1,000

A third of all respondents believe a weight loss app could help them.

Trusting health apps

Does an app help you lose weight: Yes

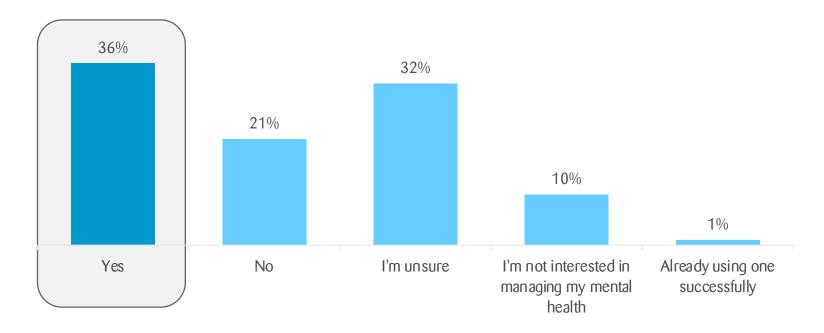


Q8: Do you believe a weight loss app prescribed to you by a doctor or dietician could help you lose weight (if you needed to)? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Older people are more skeptical when it comes to using a weight loss app.

Trusting health apps

#### Does a wellness app help improve mental health

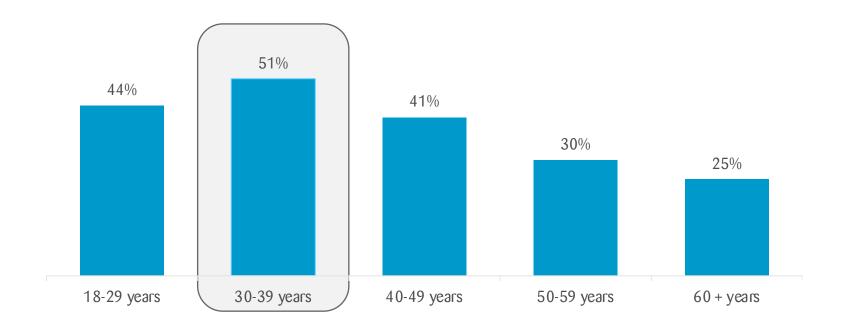


Q9: Do you believe a wellness app prescribed by your doctor could help you manage better your mental health? Base: All respondents n=1,000

One out of three thinks a wellness app could help improve their mental health management

Trusting health apps

Does a wellness app help improve mental health: Yes

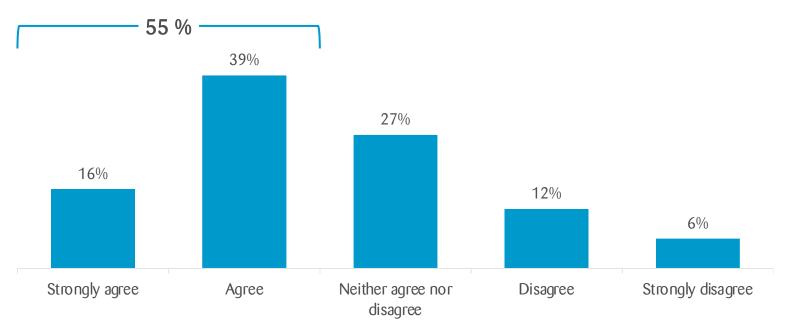


Q9: Do you believe a wellness app prescribed by your doctor could help you manage better your mental health? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Half of the 30 to 39 year old respondents think an app could improve their mental health.

Trusting health apps

I would feel comfortable if my doctor prescribed me an app to help manage my mental health (e.g. by providing reminders to take medication, monitoring symptoms or support with a therapy).



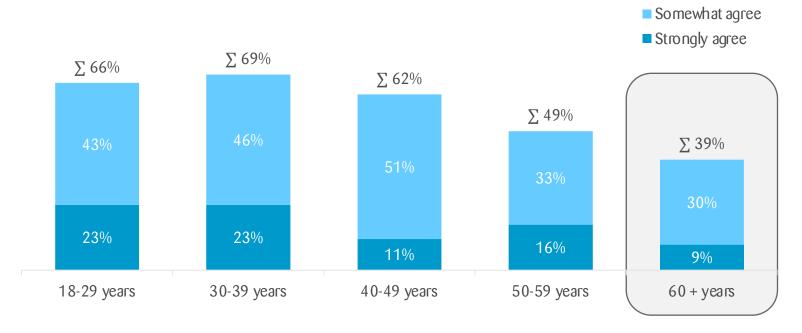
Q10: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I would feel comfortable if my doctor prescribed me an app to help manage my mental health (e.g. by providing reminders to take medication, monitoring symptoms or support with a therapy). Base: All respondents n=1,000

More than 50 per cent would feel comfortable if being prescribed a mental health app.

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### Trusting health apps

I would feel comfortable if my doctor prescribed me an app to help manage my mental health (e.g. by providing reminders to take medication, monitoring symptoms or support with a therapy).



Q10: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: I would feel comfortable if my doctor prescribed me an app to help manage my mental health (e.g. by providing reminders to take medication, monitoring symptoms or support with a therapy). Base: All respondents n=1,000

Older people would feel less comfortbable about being prescribed a mental health app.

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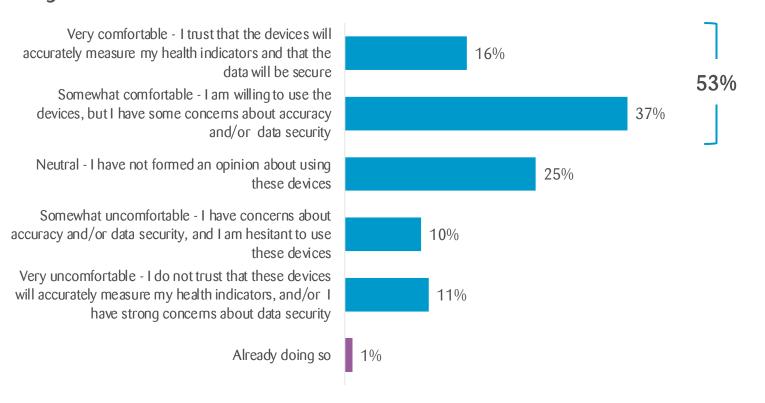
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#### Digital health services

#### Monitoring health with mobile devices



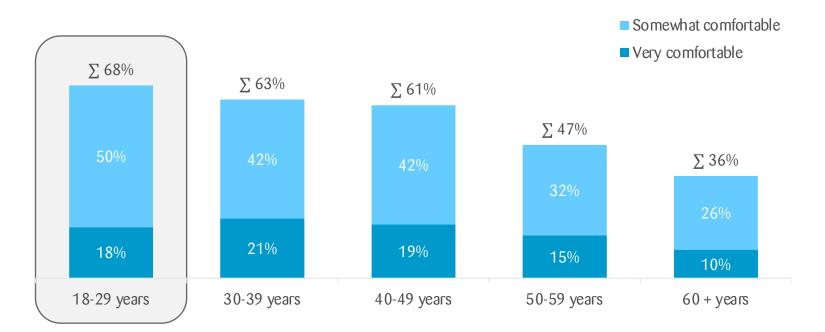
Q11: How comfortable are you with using your phone to connect to devices like a smartwatch or virtual voice assistant like Alexa to monitor your health?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

More than half of the respondents would feel comfortable about connecting their mobile phone to a smartwatch or virtual assistant for monitoring their health.

#### Digital health services

#### Monitoring health with mobile devices



Q11: How comfortable are you with using your phone to connect to devices like a smartwatch or virtual voice assistant like Alexa to monitor your health?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Especially younger people under the age of 30 would feel comfortable about connecting their mobile phone to a smartwatch or virtual assistant for health monitoring purposes.

#### Digital health services

#### Monitoring health with mobile devices



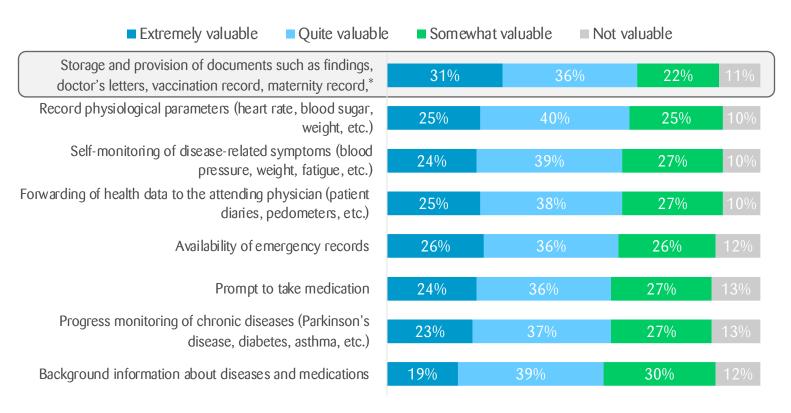
Q11: How comfortable are you with using your phone to connect to devices like a smartwatch or virtual voice assistant like Alexa to monitor your health?

Base: All respondents n=1,000; not shown: no response

Respondents with a higher income would feel more comfortable about connecting their mobile phone to a smartwatch or virtual assistant for health monitoring.

Digital health services

#### Importance of functions of a health app (1/2)



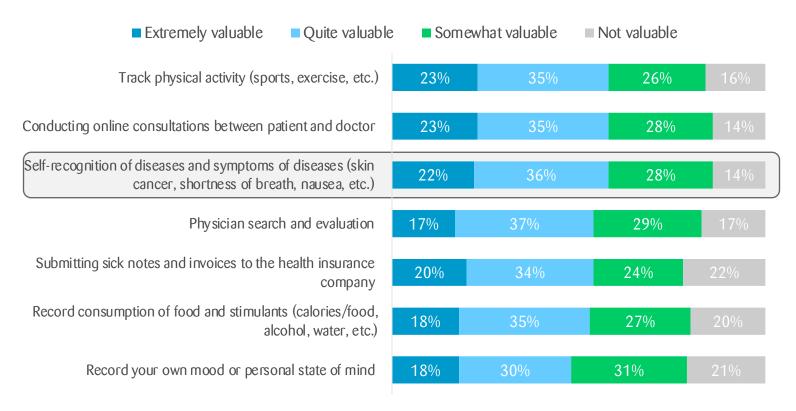
Q12: If there was only one app to manage your personal health, what features would you find most valuable? Base: All respondents n=1,000, \*...dental bonus booklet, children's examination booklet, etc.

Storage and provision of documents such as doctor's letters and vaccination records is just one of many health app functionalities.

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Digital health services

#### Importance of functions of a health app (2/2)



Q12: If there was only one app to manage your personal health, what features would you find most valuable? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Almost 60 per cent consider self-recognition of diseases and symptoms a valuable functionality.

#### Digital health services

#### Importance of functions of a health app (1/2)

Age: Extremely valuable + Quite valuable	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
Storage and provision of documents such as findings, doctor's letters, vaccination record, maternity record, dental bonus booklet, children's examination booklet, etc.	82%	74%	64%	63%	58%
Record physiological parameters (heart rate, blood sugar, weight, etc.)	71%	71%	63%	67%	57%
Self-monitoring of disease-related symptoms (blood pressure, weight, fatigue, etc.)	70%	69%	69%	62%	53%
Forwarding of health data to the attending physician (patient diaries, pedometers, etc.)	74%	68%	64%	64%	51%
Availability of emergency records	76%	64%	64%	60%	52%
Prompt to take medication	71%	73%	64%	58%	46%
Progress monitoring of chronic diseases (Parkinson's disease, diabetes, asthma, etc.)	64%	71%	65%	60%	52%
Background information about diseases and medications	69%	63%	61%	53%	49%

Q12: If there was only one app to manage your personal health, what features would you find most valuable? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Self-monitoring of disease-related symptoms is the most important functionality for 40 to 49 year old respondents.

### Digital health services

#### Importance of functions of a health app (2/2)

18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
190	173	153	171	313
69%	72%	62%	53%	41%
65%	64%	65%	57%	48%
68%	68%	65%	53%	46%
62%	60%	60%	53%	40%
67%	66%	59%	48%	39%
64%	61%	60%	53%	39%
59%	59%	51%	45%	36%
	years 190 69% 65% 68% 62% 67%	years         years           190         173           69%         72%           65%         64%           68%         68%           62%         60%           67%         66%           64%         61%	years         years         years           190         173         153           69%         72%         62%           65%         64%         65%           68%         68%         65%           62%         60%         60%           67%         66%         59%           64%         61%         60%	years         years         years           190         173         153         171           69%         72%         62%         53%           65%         64%         65%         57%           68%         68%         65%         53%           62%         60%         60%         53%           67%         66%         59%         48%           64%         61%         60%         53%

Q12: If there was only one app to manage your personal health, what features would you find most valuable? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Submitting sick notes and invoices to the health insurance company is valuable to respondents under the age of 40.

Digital health services

### Willingness to pay for a health app

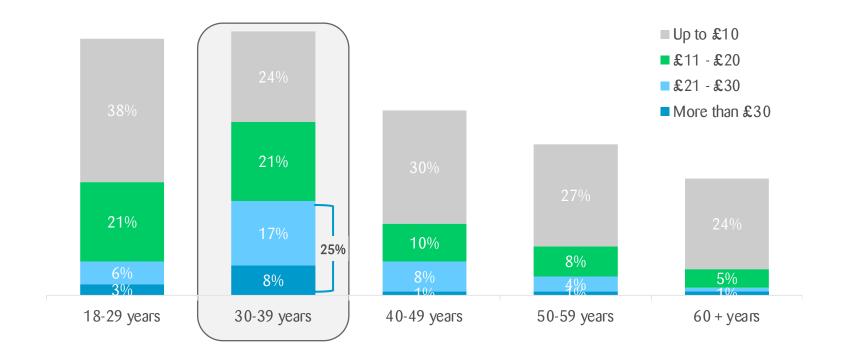


Q13: How much would you pay monthly for such an app? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Only one out of five would pay more than £10 per month for using a health app.

Digital health services

#### Willingness to pay for a health app

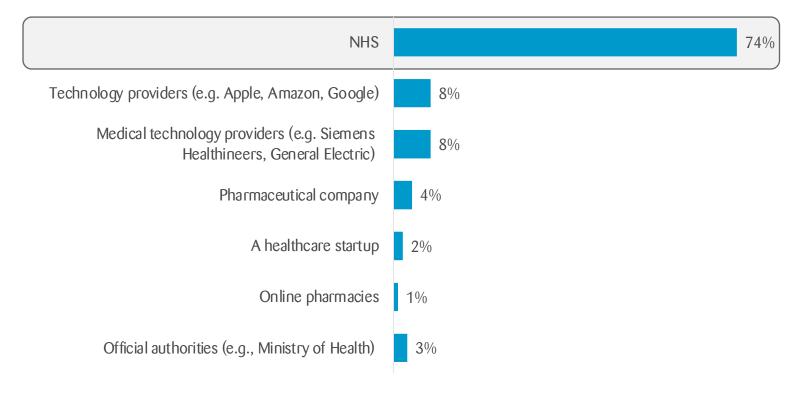


Q13: How much would you pay monthly for such an app?
Base: All respondents n=1,000; answer category 'I am not interested in such an app if it costs something' not shown

Respondents between 30 and 39 years are most willing to pay for a health app. One out of four would pay more than £20 per month.

Digital health services

#### Preferred providers for a health app



Q14: If there were multiple providers for such an app or platform, who would you most trust to provide you with such an app (given the same feature set and regardless of whether it costs anything or not)?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

The NHS would be the preferred health app provider for three quarters of all respondents.

#### Digital health services

#### Preferred providers for a health app

Age	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
NHS	64%	62%	69%	81%	86%
Technology providers (e.g. Apple, Amazon, Google)	13%	8%	9%	5%	5%
Medical technology providers (e.g. Siemens Healthineers, General Electric)		16%	8%	6%	4%
Pharmaceutical company	6%	6%	5%	1%	1%
A healthcare startup	4%	3%	5%	1%	1%
Online pharmacies	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%
Official authorities (e.g., Ministry of Health)	2%	3%	3%	5%	2%

Q14: If there were multiple providers for such an app or platform, who would you most trust to provide you with such an app (given the same feature set and regardless of whether it costs anything or not)?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Especially respondents between 30 and 39 years would trust an app supplied by a medical technology provider.

#### Digital health services

#### Preferred providers for a health app

Yearly household income*	Under <b>£</b> 20,000	£20,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £49,999	£50,000 - £69,999	Above £70,000
Base:	243	212	285	118	96
NHS	77%	72%	79%	70%	59%
Technology providers (e.g. Apple, Amazon, Google)	7%	10%	7%	7%	7%
Medical technology providers (e.g. Siemens Healthineers, General Electric)	6%	7%	7%	14%	15%
Pharmaceutical company	2%	6%	3%	3%	5%
A healthcare startup	3%	1%	2%	3%	6%
Online pharmacies	1%	0%	1%	1%	2%
Official authorities (e.g., Ministry of Health)	4%	4%	1%	2%	6%

Q14: If there were multiple providers for such an app or platform, who would you most trust to provide you with such an app (given the same feature set and regardless of whether it costs anything or not)?

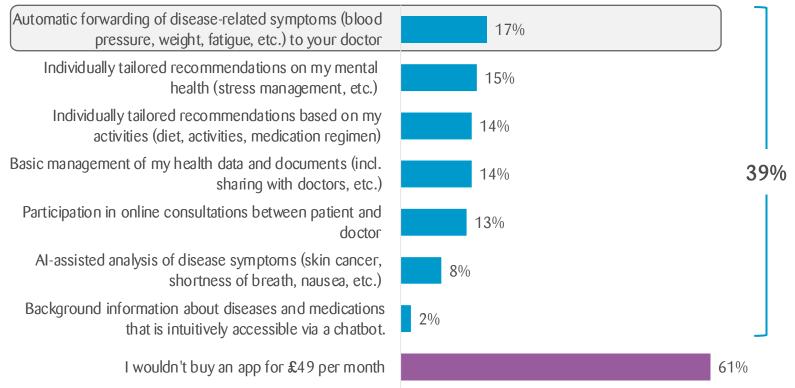
Base: All respondents n=1,000; \*not shown: no response

Respondents with a high income have more trust in an app supplied by a medical technology provider.

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#### Digital health services

#### Required functions for £49



Q15: What would a health app have to offer for you to pay £49 a month for it? Please select the three functions that are most important to you.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Around 40 per cent would eventually pay £49 per month for a health app. Automatic forwarding of disease-related symptoms is considered the most important functionality.

#### Digital health services

#### Required functions for £49

Age	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
Automatic forwarding of disease-related symptoms (blood pressure, weight, fatigue, etc.) to your doctor	22%	29%	18%	14%	8%
Individually tailored recommendations on my mental health (stress management, etc.)	31%	32%	10%	8%	3%
Individually tailored recommendations based on my activities (diet, activities, medication regimen)	18%	23%	13%	12%	9%
Basic management of my health data and documents (incl. sharing with doctors, etc.)	23%	24%	12%	8%	8%
Participation in online consultations between patient and doctor	17%	24%	7%	11%	7%
Al-assisted analysis of disease symptoms (skin cancer, shortness of breath, nausea, etc.)	10%	13%	7%	6%	5%
Background information about diseases and medications that is intuitively accessible via a chatbot.	4%	2%	1%	1%	1%
I wouldn't buy an app for £49 per month	39%	33%	64%	71%	83%

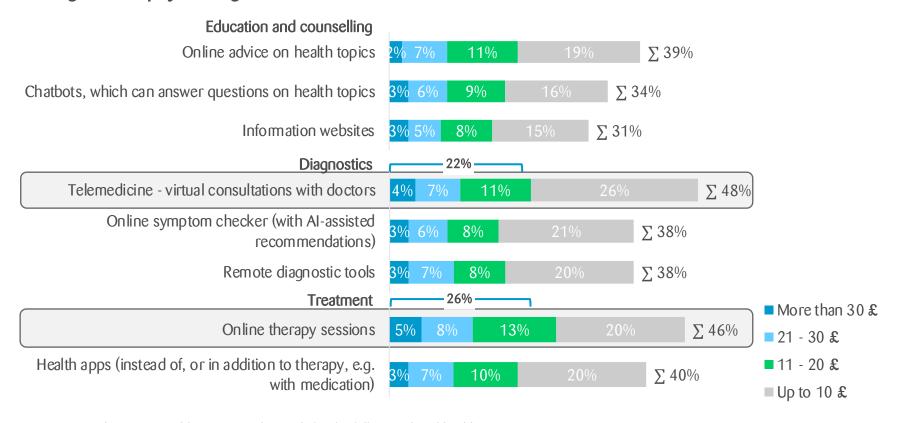
Q15: What would a health app have to offer for you to pay £49 a month for it? Please select the three functions that are most important to you.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Individually tailored recommendations are most important for respondents under 40. Older people are less willing to pay £49 per month for a health app.

Digital health services

#### Willingness to pay for digital health services (1/2)

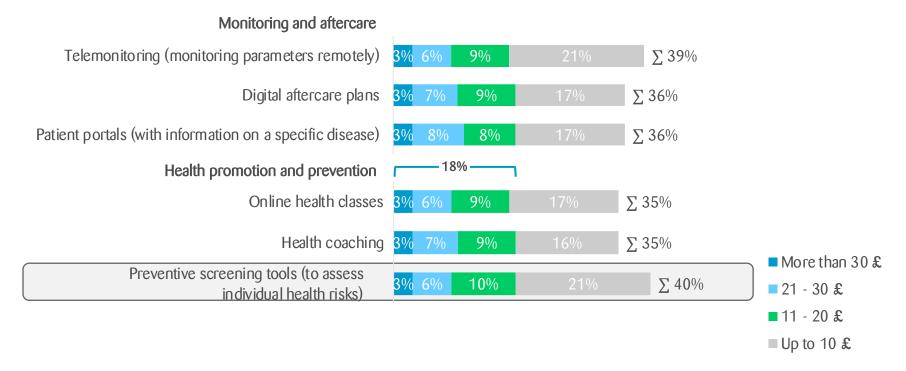


Around one half would pay for virtual consultations or online therapy sessions. One quarter would not pay more than £10 per month.

Q16: How much money would you pay each month for the following digital health services? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Digital health services

#### Willingness to pay for digital health services (2/2)



Four out of ten would pay at least £10 per month for preventive screening tools.

Q16: How much money would you pay each month for the following digital health services? Base: All respondents n=1,000

#### Digital health services

#### Willingness to pay for digital health services (1/2)

Age: More than £10	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
Education and counselling					
Online advice on health topics	33%	44%	17%	10%	4%
Chatbots, which can answer questions on health topics	29%	39%	15%	10%	4%
Information websites	26%	34%	14%	9%	4%
Diagnostics					
Telemedicine - virtual consultations with doctors	35%	43%	17%	14%	7%
Online symptom checker (with AI-assisted recommendations)	27%	36%	13%	12%	4%
Remote diagnostic tools	31%	38%	15%	12%	5%
Treatment					
Online therapy sessions	42%	48%	23%	15%	10%
Health apps (instead of, or in addition to therapy, e.g. with medication)	32%	45%	15%	14%	6%

Q16: How much money would you pay each month for the following digital health services? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Respondents under the age of 40 are more willing to pay more than £10 for virtual consultations and online therapy sessions.

### Digital health services

#### Willingness to pay for digital health services (2/2)

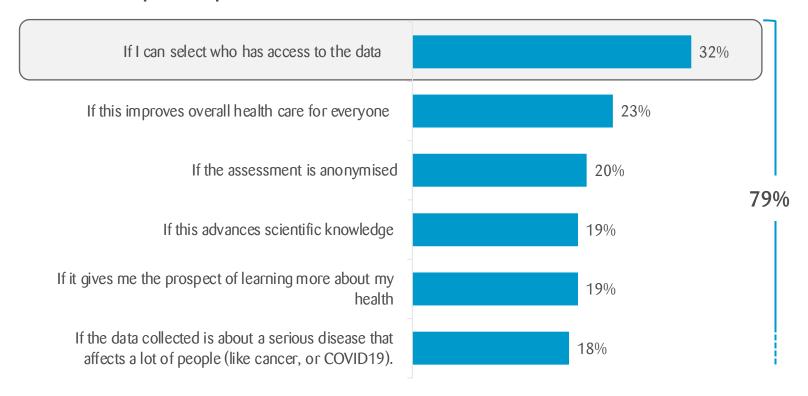
Age: More than £10	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
Monitoring and aftercare					
Telemonitoring (monitoring parameters remotely)	29%	41%	14%	11%	4%
Digital aftercare plans	32%	44%	17%	12%	5%
Patient portals (with information on a specific disease)	30%	42%	15%	11%	4%
Health promotion and prevention					
Online health classes	32%	38%	16%	11%	4%
Health coaching	34%	38%	19%	12%	4%
Preventive screening tools (to assess individual health risks)	33%	40%	16%	12%	5%

Especially respondents between 30 and 39 would pay more than £10 for monitoring and aftercare applications.

Q16: How much money would you pay each month for the following digital health services? Base: All respondents n=1,000

### Digital health services

#### Conditions to provide personal health information (1/2)



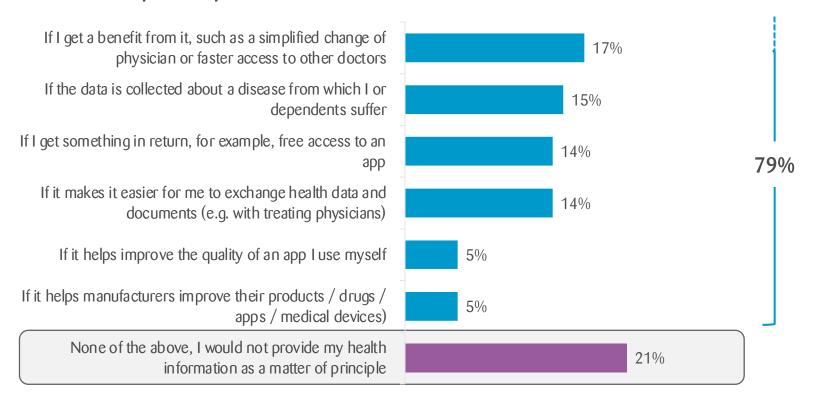
Q17: Under which of the following conditions would you feel comfortable providing personal health information? Please select the three most important points for you.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Controlling data access is the most important prerequisite when it comes to providing personal health information.

#### Digital health services

#### Conditions to provide personal health information (2/2)



Q17: Under which of the following conditions would you feel comfortable providing personal health information? Please select the three most important points for you.

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Four out of five would share their personal health data under certain conditions.

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### Digital health services

#### Conditions to provide personal health information (1/2)

Yearly household income*	Under £20,000	£20,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £49,999	£50,000 - £69,999	Above £70,000
Base:	243	212	285	118	96
If I can select who has access to the data	30%	32%	35%	26%	31%
If this improves overall health care for everyone	23%	23%	21%	21%	36%
If the assessment is anonymised	22%	21%	17%	23%	16%
If this advances scientific knowledge	16%	19%	19%	24%	24%
If it gives me the prospect of learning more about my health	17%	19%	21%	15%	24%
If the data collected is about a serious disease that affects a lot of people (like cancer, or COVID19).	15%	18%	17%	23%	23%

Q17: Under which of the following conditions would you feel comfortable providing personal health information? Please select the three most important points for you.

Base: All respondents n=1,000; \*not shown: no response

Respondents with a high income would share their data if it improved overall health care.

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### Digital health services

#### Conditions to provide personal health information (2/2)

Yearly household income*	Under <b>£</b> 20,000	£20,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £49,999	£50,000 - £69,999	Above £70,000
Base:	243	212	285	118	96
If I get a benefit from it, such as a simplified change of physician or faster access to other doctors	15%	15%	23%	17%	18%
If the data is collected about a disease from which I or dependents suffer	13%	10%	16%	25%	19%
If I get something in return, for example, free access to an app	9%	15%	12%	13%	31%
If it makes it easier for me to exchange health data and documents (e.g. with treating physicians)	11%	11%	18%	17%	21%
If it helps improve the quality of an app I use myself	3%	6%	6%	4%	4%
If it helps manufacturers improve their products / drugs / apps / medical devices)	4%	4%	5%	8%	4%
None of the above, I would not provide my health information as a matter of principle	32%	21%	17%	14%	8%

Q17: Under which of the following conditions would you feel comfortable providing personal health information? Please select the three most important points for you.

Base: All respondents n=1,000; \*not shown: no response

The higher the income the higher the willingness to share personal health information.

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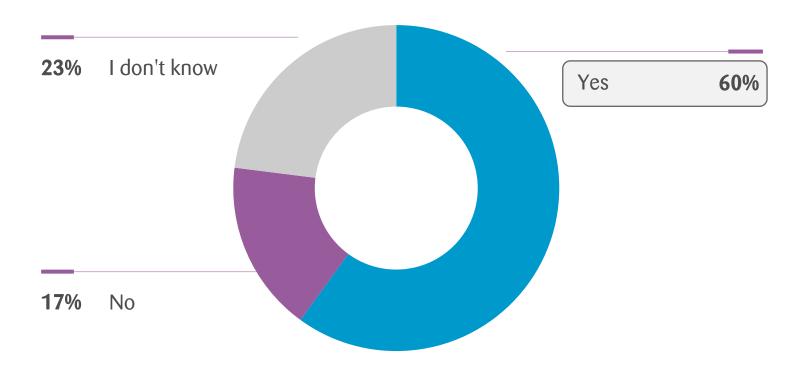
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Apps on prescription

#### Interested in apps on prescription

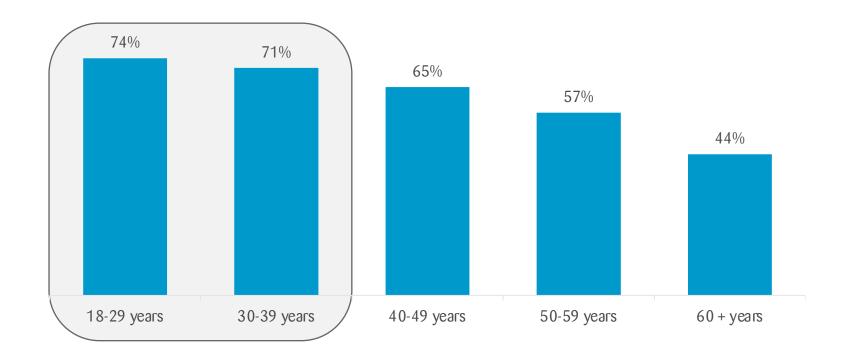


Q18: Would you be interested in apps on prescription, paid for by the NHS? Base: All respondents n=1,000

60 per cent of the respondents are interested in apps on prescription, paid for by NHS.

Apps on prescription

#### Interested in apps on prescription: Yes



Q18: Would you be interested in apps on prescription, paid for by the NHS? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Especially younger respondents are interested in apps on prescription.

Apps on prescription

#### Interested in apps on prescription: Yes

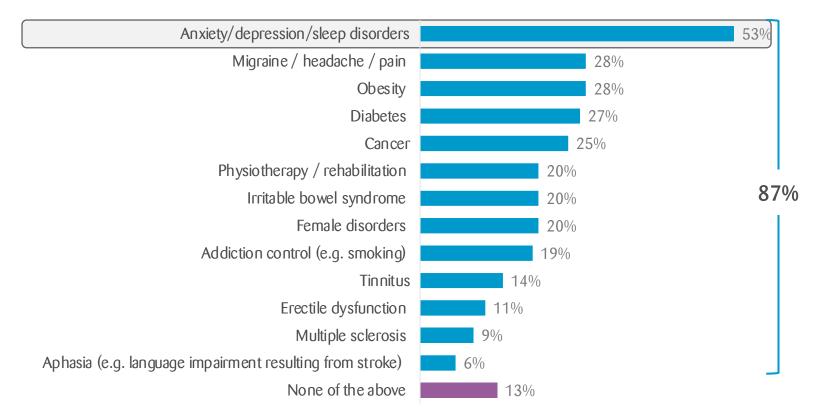


Q18: Would you be interested in apps on prescription, paid for by the NHS? Base: All respondents n=1,000; not shown: no response

The higher the income the higher the share of respondents interested in apps on prescription.

Apps on prescription

#### Use of an app on prescription



Q19: For which of the following health problems would you like to use apps on prescription paid for by the NHS? Basis: Respondents interested in apps on prescription, n=598

More than 50 per cent of the respondents interested in apps on prescription would use them to treat anxiety, depression or sleep disorders.

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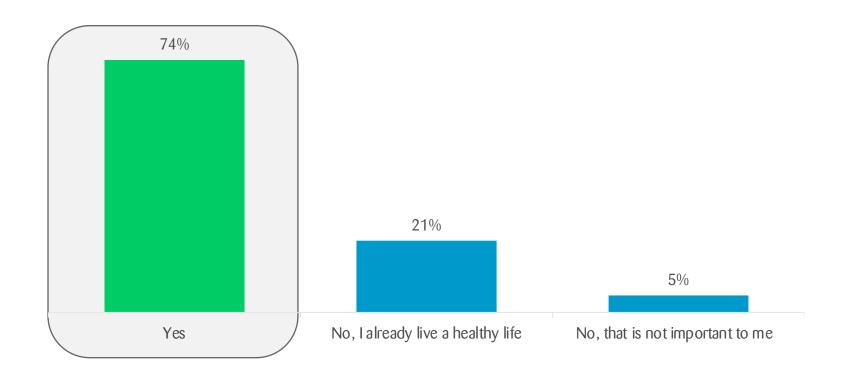
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General attitude towards health issues

#### Desire to live healthier

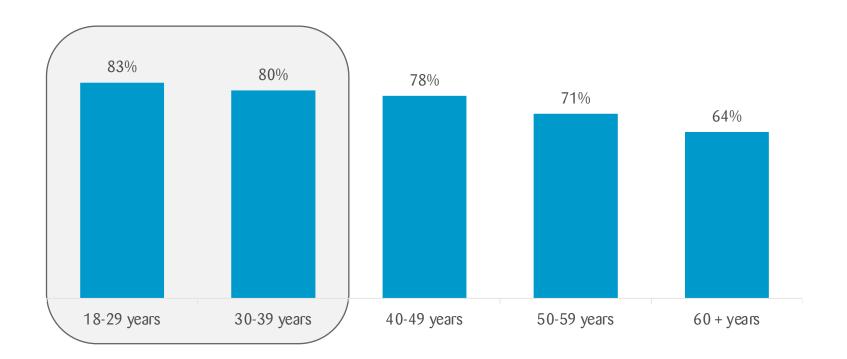


Q20: Would you like to live healthier? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Three out of four would like to live healthier.

#### General attitude towards health issues

#### Desire to live healthier: Yes

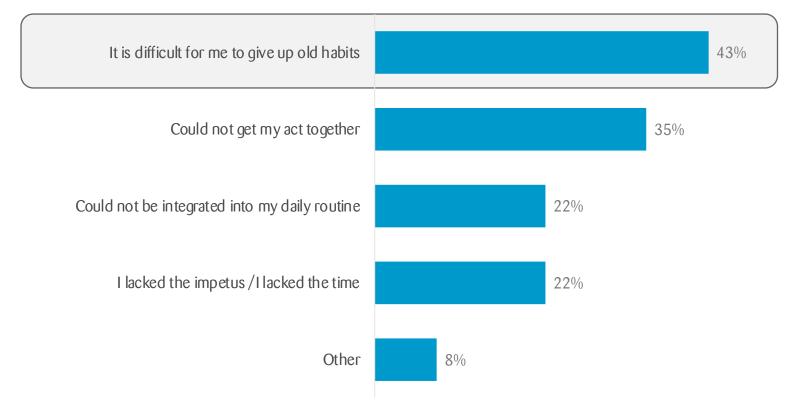


Q20: Would you like to live healthier? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Especially younger respondents have a desire to live healthier.

General attitude towards health issues

#### Barriers to healthier living



Q21: What has prevented you from doing this so far? Basis: Respondents who would like to live healthier, n=737

Difficulties to give up old habits has been the greatest obstacle for those who would like to live healthier.

#### General attitude towards health issues

#### Barriers to healthier living

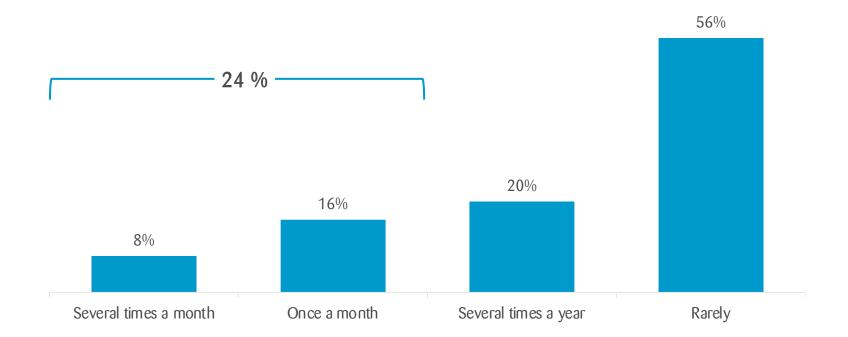
Age	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	157	138	120	122	200
It is difficult for me to give up old habits	35%	46%	40%	47%	48%
Could not get my act together	41%	38%	36%	34%	28%
Could not be integrated into my daily routine	36%	29%	19%	16%	12%
I lacked the impetus/I lacked the time	21%	18%	18%	26%	25%
Other	4%	3%	12%	9%	10%

Especially older respondents have had difficulties to give up old habits.

Q21: What has prevented you from doing this so far? Basis: Respondents who would like to live healthier, n=737

General attitude towards health issues

### Frequency of doctor visits

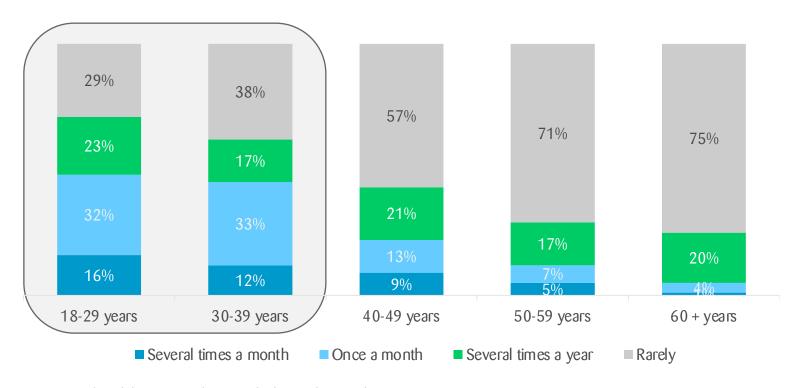


Q22: How often did you visit a doctor in the last twelve months on average? Base: All respondents n=1,000

A quarter of all respondents sees a doctor at least once a month.

General attitude towards health issues

#### Frequency of doctor visits

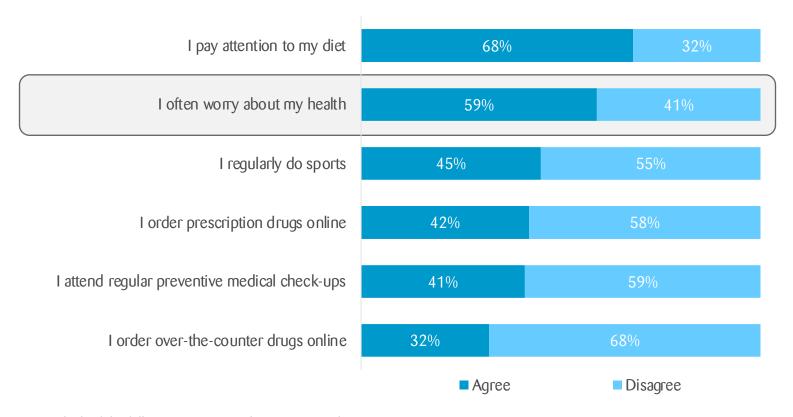


Q22: How often did you visit a doctor in the last twelve months on average? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Respondents under the age of 40 see a doctor more frequently than older people.

General attitude towards health issues

#### Attitudes towards health issues



Q23: Which of the following statements do you agree with? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Almost 60 per cent of all respondents worry about their health.

#### General attitude towards health issues

#### Attitudes towards health issues

Age: Agree	18-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 + years
Base:	190	173	153	171	313
I pay attention to my diet	70%	64%	69%	66%	71%
I often worry about my health	74%	71%	61%	53%	47%
I regularly do sports	53%	60%	52%	43%	28%
I order prescription drugs online	46%	45%	43%	36%	39%
I attend regular preventive medical check-ups	41%	51%	35%	38%	40%
I order over-the-counter drugs online	44%	52%	34%	25%	16%

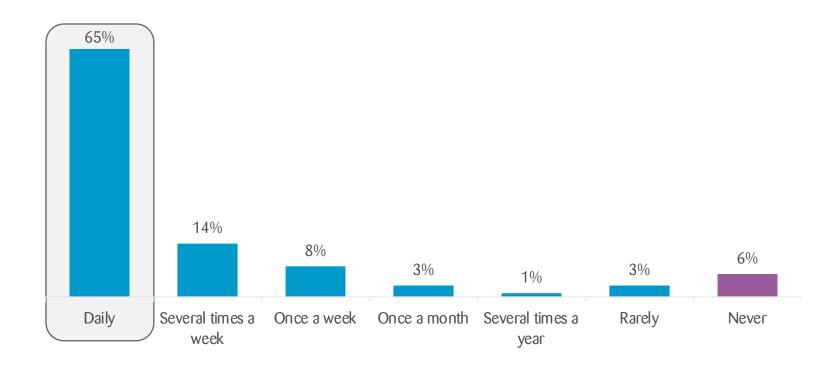
Especially younger respondents worry about their health.

Q23: Which of the following statements do you agree with?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

General attitude towards health issues

#### Use of social media

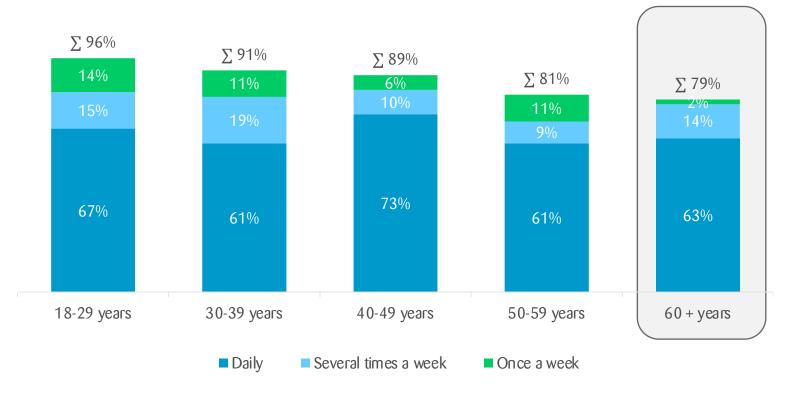


Q24: How often do you use social media, such as Facebook, Instagram, YouTube or similar? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Roughly two thirds use social media on a daily basis.

#### General attitude towards health issues

#### Use of social media: At least once a week

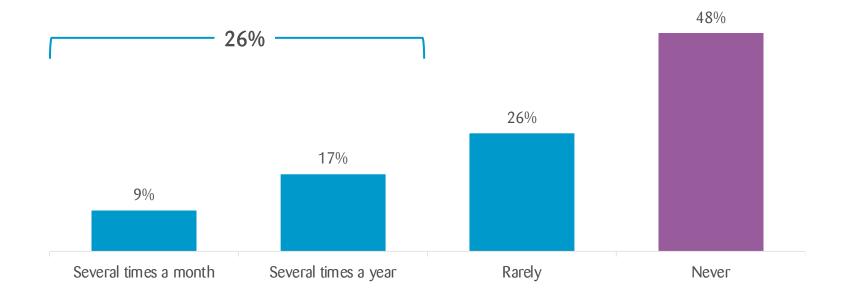


Q24: How often do you use social media, such as Facebook, Instagram, YouTube or similar? Base: All respondents n=1,000

Almost all respondents under the age of 30 use social media at least once a week.
Four out of five respondents aged 60 years and above use social media at least weekly.

General attitude towards health issues

### Frequency of online training courses



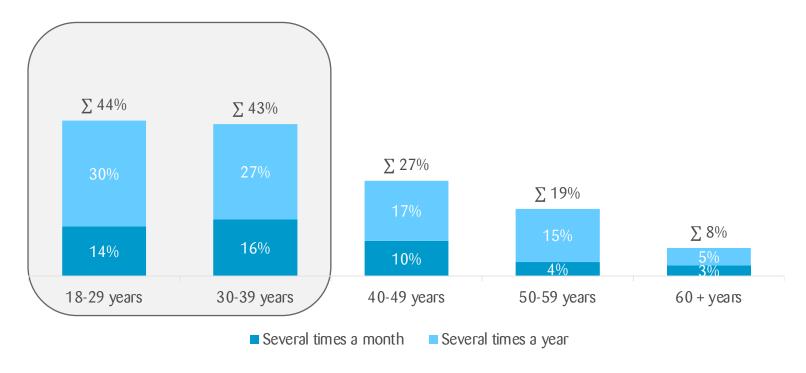
Q25: How often are you taking online training courses?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

One quarter take part in online training courses several times a year.

General attitude towards health issues

#### Frequency of online training courses



Q25: How often are you taking online training courses?

Base: All respondents n=1,000

Respondents under the age of 40 use online training courses most frequently.

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### Sociodemographics

Sex	
Male	49%
Female	51%
Age	
18-29 years	19%
30-39 years	17%
40-49 years	16%
50-59 years	17%
60 + years	31%
Highest academic qualification	
No formal qualifications	4%
middle - GCE 'A' level, NVQ3, Scottish Higher (or equivalent)	13%
GCSE Grades A to C, GCE 'O' level, CSE Grade 1, NVQ2 (or equivalent)	38%
Higher degree (MA, MSc, PhD etc)	10%
Degree, NVQ4, NVQ5 or equivalent	25%
BTEC (higher), BEC (Higher), TEX (Higher), HNC, HND (or equivalent)	8%
Other qualifications	2%

Current occupation	
Self employed / business owner	8%
Senior executive	7%
Employee, worker, civil servant	54%
Freelancer / artist	1%
Farmer	0%
Housewife / househusband	9%
Apprentice / student	1%
Pensioner	7%
Currently unemployed	13%
Household income	
Under £20,000	24%
£20,000 - £29,999	21%
£30,000 - £49,999	29%
£50,000 - £69,999	12%
Above £70,000	9%
Prefer not to respond	5%

Base: All respondents n=1,000

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Contact our experts to discuss how your organisation can take part in UK's digital healthcare revolution



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